**COLLECTION OF IECEx / ExTAG DECISION**

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| Standard:IEC 60079-0 7th edition | **Clauses:**21.126.4.2 | **Draft Decision Sheet:**ExTAG/540B /CD |
| **Subject:**Impact test**Status of document:**Approved | **Key words:*** Ex Equipment
* Smartphone
* Tablet
* Luminaire
* Impact test
 | Date: January 2020 **Originator of proposal:**PTB**TC/SC involved:** TC31 WG22 |
| **Background**In the 7th edition of IEC 60079-0, modifications have been made to the impact values in Table 15 (formally Table 13 in the 6th Edition). The impact requirements for luminaires have been relocated to Table 15 from clause 21.1 and the following highlighted new definitions have been added to the table.The highlighted requirements have been copied from IEC 60079-7:2015 Table 14 without mentioning in the table “The significance of the changes between IEC Standard, IEC 60079-0, Edition 6 (2011) and IEC 60079-0, Edition 7 (2017)”. Copying this requirement into IEC 60079-0 is a major technical change, because this is now applicable to all Type of Protection portable luminaires and not to those in Type of Protection Ex e only.**Question**Is a smartphone or a tablet containing a LED to support a camera function considered a luminaire in the sense of IEC 60079-0?  |
| **Answer**Where there is no “torch” or “flashlight” function, or if the function cannot be enabled, a smartphone or a tablet containing a LED to support a camera function is a portable or transportable Ex Equipment, as the integral LED has only an auxiliary function and where the main function of the equipment is not to be a luminaire. Thus, it is not considered as a portable or transportable luminaire and the impact requirements for luminaires, such as footnote b of table 15, are not applicable.However, where the LED can serve as a “torch” or “flashlight”, or when the function can be enabled, the requirements for portable luminaires or handlights, such as footnote b of table 15, are applicable to the LED part only. |